## Units of Information questions

01 Binary numbers are used to represent data inside computers.
01.1 State the number of bits in a Byte
$\qquad$
01.2 Write down the highest decimal number which can be represented using a 8 bit binary word
$\qquad$

02 Larger units of information can be used to express the size of files stored on computers.
02.1 What does the abbreviation TB stand for?
$\qquad$
02.2 Complete the table to show the meanings of each of the abbreviations of units of information
[4 marks]

| Abbreviation | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: |
| b |  |
|  | megabyte |
|  | kilobyte |
| GB |  |

02.3 Place the following quantities in order of size ( $1-4$, where 1 is the smallest and 4 the largest)
[3 marks]

| Quantity | Order (1-4) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 15 bits |  |
| 1 Byte |  |
| 1 kiloByte |  |
| 1,040 Bytes |  |

03.1 A file has a size of $16,000 \mathrm{MB}$. What is $16,000 \mathrm{MB}$ in GB? You should show your working.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
03.2 A file has a size of 16 Bytes. What is 16 Bytes in bits? You should show your working.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
03.3 A file has a size of 16 GigaBytes. What is 16 GigaBytes in kiloBytes? You should show your working.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
03.4 A file has a size of 48,000 bits. What is 48,000 bits in kiloBytes? You should show your working.
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$\qquad$
$\qquad$
03.5 A file has a size of 2MB. What is 2 MB in bits? You should show your working.
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